Gray Goldenrod

(Solidago nemoralis)

Plant Spacing

Moisture

Soil Type

Light

24"-42"

Wet to average

Average to rich

Full sun to shade

Additional care notes: Can grow up to 10 feet tall. Deer and rabbit resistant. Underground stems spread vigorously and can be divided.

Host plant for over 100 moth and butterfly species and more than 10 specialist bees in the Northeast!

Flowering Time

Peak Flowering

Flower Type

August - October

August

Panicle



When asked to count flowers on your data sheet, you will count plumes of flowers, also called "panicles".

- Panicles contain a cluster of branches with each branch containing several flowers.
- Each cluster circled in the picture (right) should be counted as 1 flower.



Initial Growth

Flower Buds

Flowering

Seed









Wildlife Benefits

Supports Specialist Bees:





Hairy Banded Miner Bee (Andrena hirticincta)



Cloudy-winged Miner Bee (Andrena nubecula)

Host plant for:



Brown-hooded Owlet Moth (Cucullia convexipennis) caterpillar



White-spotted Sable Moth (Anania funebris) caterpillar

Supports:







Butterflies and moths



Beetles, flies, and other insects



Planting Guidelines and Surveys

Throughout this experiment, you'll be collecting data about the plants you've received and the pollinators that interact with them. But first, we'd like to understand the location where you're hosting your plants.

- 1. Follow the planting guidelines below to get your plants in the ground.
- 2. Once your plants are in the ground, fill out the 'Planting Conditions' survey in Survey123
- 3. Submit weekly plant and pollinator data using the 'Timed Count' survey in Survey123

Planting Guidelines

Weeding:

- **Before planting**: Remove weeds in a 4 inch diameter around where the plant will go.
- After planting: Weed as necessary to maintain room for the plant to grow.

Planting:

- 1. Dig a hole 2-3 times the width and just slightly deeper than your plant's roots.
- 2. If your plant is root-bound (i.e. the roots have formed a dense, tangled mass), loosen or tear some of the roots to allow them to grow out into the soil.
- 3. Place the plant in the hole and backfill with the existing soil do not add special soils or fertilizers.
- 4. Press the soil gently around the plant to "put it to bed".
- 5. Plants should be spaced 12-18 inches away from each other.

Watering:

- 1. Water your new plant immediately after planting in the ground.
- 2. Water around the base of the plant, not from above, until the soil is moist but not soggy.
- 3. First 6 weeks: Water your plants if there is no rain for 3 days.
- 4. **After 6 weeks**: Your plants should not require watering unless there is a long period (2+ weeks) of no rain.